Abstract—This paper mainly focuses on the controlling of home appliances remotely and providing security. When the user is away from the place the system is SMS based and uses wireless technology to revolutionize the standards of living. This system provides ideal solution to the problems faced by home owners in daily life. The system is wireless therefore more adaptable and cost-effective. The HACS system provides security against intrusion as well as automates various home appliances using SMS. The system uses GSM technology thus providing ubiquitous access to the system for security and automated appliance control.

Keywords: Short Message Service (SMS), Global System for Mobile communication (GSM), Radio Frequency (RF), AT Commands, ubiquitous access and Automation.

I. INTRODUCTION
The aim of the paper is to investigate a cost effective solution that will provide controlling of home appliances remotely and will also enable home security against intrusion in the absence of home owner. The motivation is to facilitate the users to automate their homes having ubiquitous access. The system provides availability due to development of a low cost system. The home appliances control system with an affordable cost was thought to be built that should be mobile providing remote access to the appliances and allowing home security. Home security has been a major issue where crime is increasing and everybody wants to take proper measures to prevent intrusion. In addition there was a need to automate home so that user can take advantage of the technological advancement in such a way that a person getting off the office does not get melted with the hot climate. Therefore this paper proposes a system that allows user to be control home appliances ubiquitously and also provide security on detection of intrusion via SMS using GSM technology. The next section will explain the related work; explains the proposed system, methodology and algorithm, discusses the framework, working, characteristics, strengths and constraints of the system. Section explains the results and is conclusions and the future work.

II. HOME APPLIANCE CONTROL SYSTEM (HACS)
Home appliance control system is based on GSM network technology for transmission of SMS from sender to receiver. SMS sending and receiving is used for ubiquitous access of appliances and allowing breach control at home.

The system proposes two sub-systems. Appliance control subsystem enables the user to control home appliances remotely whereas the security alert subsystem provides the remote security monitoring. The system is capable enough to instruct user via SMS from a specific cell number to change the condition of the home appliance according to the user’s needs and requirements. The second aspect is that of security alert which is achieved in a way that on the detection of intrusion the system allows automatic generation of SMS thus alert.

III. WORKING
The working of HACS model is explained:-
PC: PC being the main module has HACS system installed on it. The two subsystems; one being appliances control is responsible for ubiquitous access of appliances and the second subsystem being security alert is responsible for security intrusion detection. Both subsystems work on GSM technology for transmission of instructions from sender to receiver.

A. GSM Modem:
GSM modem is a plug and play device and is attached to the PC which then communicates with the PC via RS232 port. GSM modem is a bridge responsible for enabling/disabling of SMS capability.

B. Cell Phone:
Mobile device communicates with the GSM Modem via radio waves. The mode of communication is wireless and mechanism works on the GSM technology. Cell phone has a SIM card and a GSM subscription. This cell phone number is configured on the system. User transmits instructions via SMS and the system takes action against those instructions.

IV. METHODOLOGY
The methodology followed in the HACS is
GSM hardware tests are run in order to check the hardware support. The system will call GSM modem and it will get activated.

After activation the Modem will check for hardware support. If the hardware is missing or some other hardware
problem there will be error, resulting in communication failure and the application will be terminated.

If hardware responds then the serial port will be opened for communication and GSM hardware will allow transmission of SMS.

The system will then connect and after connection establishment the system will be able to detect intrusion and will alert user about the breach and similarly the system will update status of appliances by receiving SMS from the pre-defined cell number.

SMS will be silently ignored if cell number is unauthorized.

### Pseudo code

The pseudo code for HACS is given as:-

```
Begin
Run Tests
If Test = 0
  Terminate program
If Test = 1
  Communication = OK, port will open
  Click Connect
  Controls {Cj | j=1, 2, 3, 4} = enable
  If intrusion = 1
  Send security alert
  If incoming SMS = 1
  Simulate appliances
end
```

### V. CHARACTERISTICS OF HACS

The proposed system characteristics involve remote controlling of appliances, intrusion detection, system security and auto-configuration such that system automatically adjusts the system settings on running hardware support check. The system has useful features such as displaying of battery level, charging status and signal strength of the mobile thus making system reliable.

#### A. Strengths of HACS

HACS system has many advantages such as remote controlling of home appliances, availability and ease of users. The user can get alerts anywhere through the GSM technology thus making the system location independent. The system contains low cost components easily available which cuts down the overall system cost. Moreover system alerts user about breach via SMS providing home security also it allows secure access due to pre-configured number. The ease of deployment is due to wireless mode of communication.

GSM technology provides the benefit that the system is accessible in remote areas as well. The system reliability increases due to the useful features such as battery level checking, charging status and signal strength indicating the system about threats. The system integration is the user against security risk. simple and is also scalable and extensible. The auto-configuration capability allows the system auto enabling/disabling of certain features.

#### B. Constraints of HACS

The system functionality is based on GSM technology so the technological constraints must be kept in mind. The system is vulnerable to power failure but this disruption can be avoided by attaching the voltage source thus allowing users to avail the great advantage of this system.

#### C. Results

The results of the HACS system:-

Figure 2 shows various GSM hardware tests that will be run to check the hardware support.

The system then opens the serial port for communication with the GSM modem. On successful port opening the system communicates with the GSM Modem but if fails system does not communicate.

The system checks support for battery level, signal strength and GSM modem SMS sending and receiving capability. If these tests succeed the system gives response of ‘Ok’, if not then ‘ERROR’ is returned.
C. SMS alert on Intrusion Detection

shows the result when the event of intrusion was triggered then the system automatically generated SMS to inform the user about the security risk. The system is constantly monitoring the battery level, charging status and signal strength. In Figure 4 is illustrating that the communication between system and GSM hardware device is taking place via COM port 7.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPLIANCE</th>
<th>INTRUSION SENT</th>
<th>BY USER SYSTEM RESPONSE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Air Conditioner</td>
<td>AC button</td>
<td>Green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Alarm button</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light</td>
<td>Light button</td>
<td>Green</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C.: SMS alert on Intrusion Detection

Achieved analytical results:-

- System allowed the provision of security such that system took no action against the instructions received from unauthorized number. The required task was performed only when the pre-configured number instructed the system.
- System sent breach alert when the intrusion was detected.
- Remote Controlling capability of the system allowed user to switch on/off through simulating the appliance as directed by the incoming SMS.
- The system automatically performed tests and checked support for available features and SMS sending and receiving capability and configured system accordingly.
- System sent breach alert when the intrusion was detected.
- Remote Controlling capability of the system allowed user to switch on/off through simulating the appliance as directed by the incoming SMS.
- The system automatically performed tests and checked support for available features and SMS sending and receiving capability and configured system accordingly.

TABLE 2 RESULTS OF SECURITY ALERT SUBSYSTEM:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>APPLIANCE SYSTEM</th>
<th>ACTION ALERT</th>
<th>SMS RECEIVED BY USER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Main Gate</td>
<td>Intrusion detected on Main Gate, SMS generated to user</td>
<td>SMS received “Breach on the main gate”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entrance Door Windows</td>
<td>Intrusion detected on Entrance Door, SMS generated to user</td>
<td>SMS received “Breach on the Entrance Door”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Living Room Windows</td>
<td>Intrusion detected on Living Room Windows</td>
<td>SMS generated to user SMS received “Breach on the Living Room”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roof Door</td>
<td>Intrusion detected on Roof Door, SMS generated to user</td>
<td>SMS received “Breach on the Roof Door”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TABLE 1 INTRUSION DETECTION SUBSYSTEM:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>APPLIANCE SMS</th>
<th>INTRUSION SENT</th>
<th>BY USER SYSTEM RESPONSE</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Air Conditioner</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>AC button simulated to green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Alarm button simulated to red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Light button simulated to green</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
VI. CONCLUSION AND FUTUREWORK

In the paper low cost, secure, ubiquitously accessible, auto-configurable, remotely controlled solution for automation of homes has been introduced. The approach discussed in the paper is novel and has achieved the target to control home appliances remotely using the SMS-based system satisfying user needs and requirements. GSM technology capable solution has proved to be controlled remotely, provide home security and is cost-effective as compared to the previously existing systems. Hence we can conclude that the required goals and objectives of HACS have been achieved. The basic level of home appliance control and remote monitoring has been implemented. The system is extensible and more levels can be further developed using automatic motion/glass breaking detectors so the solution can be integrated with these and other detection systems. In case of remote monitoring other appliances can also be monitored such that if the level of temperature rises above certain level then it should generate SMS or sensors can also be applied that can detect gas, smoke or fire in case of emergency the system will automatically generate SMS. In future the system will be small box combining the PC and GSM modem. This hardware can be imported from Taiwan and Singapore. The hardware will be self contained and cannot be prone to electric failure. This appliance will have its own encapsulated UPS and charging system.

REFERENCES

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